Archibald Primary School - Remote Learning Year 3 - Spring Term

As you are unable to attend school, please use the links below to access activities to support the learning that you would have been undertaking if you were able to attend school

Your teacher will be in touch with you throughout each week on SeeSaw to see how you are getting along and to set you some individual challenges. Don't forget to share your work with your teacher on SeeSaw.

Week	Mathematics	English	Other Learning
1	Multiplication and Division Lesson 1: Comparing Statements https://vimeo.com/485433674 Lesson 2: Related Calculations https://vimeo.com/486330232 Lesson 3: Multiplying 2-digit by 1-digit (No Exchanging) https://vimeo.com/486513593 Lesson 4: Multiplying 2-digit by 1-digit (Exchanging) https://vimeo.com/489849543	Using 'a' and 'an' When using 'a' and 'an' before a word, there is rule you need to remember. If the noun begins in a vowel sound (a, e, i, o, u) you use 'an' before the vowel. Example: an apple If the noun begins with a consonant, you use 'a'. For example: a table. Watch the following clip to explain this further and to allow you to have a go yourself! https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IFmPNuR6gx Y Have a go at applying your learning in your Remote Learning Journal.	Our new learning context this term is 'Tribal Tales' which focuses on prehistoric Britain! Watch the following clip which introduces the term 'prehistoric'. https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z82hsbk/articles/zpny34j Answer the following questions in your Remote Learning Journal. 1. What are the 3 main 'Ages' in prehistoric Britain? 2. When did the first 'age' start? 3. Write down any interesting facts you have learnt. 4. What else would you like to know?

Lesson 5: Multiplying 2-digit by 1-digit (Exchanging)

https://vimeo.com/489850121

Lesson 6: Divide 2-digit by 1-digit (part 1) https://vimeo.com/489844871

Lesson 7: Divide 2-digit by 1-digit (part 2) https://vimeo.com/489845622

Lesson 8: Divide 100 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts (activity)

https://vimeo.com/489848691

Writing to Persuade

Our first piece of writing this half term is to write a house advertisement. The purpose of this is to **persuade** the reader to buy the product you are trying to sell- which is going to be a house. This video below explains what persuasive writing

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hD9arWXIdd

M

Then watch the following clip which explains some of the features of persuasive writing: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S6lv3Wa8EO

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Can you find any of these features explained in the video any adverts on the TV or in a newspaper/magazine? Take a photo of your annotated example and post it onto SeeSaw

Archaeology

What is an archaeologist?

Watch the video below and note all the different steps which happens during an archaeological dig. https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clipsvideo/pshe-ks1-ks2-proud-to-be-an-archaeologist/zmqg92p#:~:text=An%20archaeologist.live%20a%20long%20time%20ago.

Answer the following questions in your **Remote**

Learning Journal;

- 1. What is an archaeologist?
- What does an archaeologist find?
- 3. What do you think would be interesting about being an archaeologist?
- 4. Do you think being an archaeologist would be hard? Why/why not?

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Lesson 9: Divide with remainders (activity)

https://vimeo.com/492449125

Lesson 10: Divide 2-digit by 1- digit (part 3)

https://vimeo.com/494126561

Lesson 11: Scaling

https://vimeo.com/494127943

Lesson 12: How many ways?

https://vimeo.com/496812718

Writing a Stone Age house advertisement

A brand-new stone age house has just come available to buy and your job is to sell the house to a potential buyer!

You need to write an advertisement explaining what the a Stone Age house looks like, what it is made of and what it is like inside. You can also mention about where the house may be (on a farm) and what is surrounding it.

You need to make it sound as exciting and as inviting as possible using all your knowledge of persuasive writing.

This also gives you chance to apply your understanding of using 'a' and 'an' in a piece of writing!

Write this in your **Remote Learning Journal** in your neatest handwriting.

The Stone Age

The first 'age' in prehistoric Britain we will be looking at is the Stone Age and exploring how they lived their life.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/classclipsvideo/history-ks2-stone-age-farmingandhomes/z479wty

Take particular attention to their houses, what it was made out of and the problems they might of faced living in those type of houses.

Can you use some resources at home to try and create your own Stone Age house?



Money

Lesson 1: Recapping Counting Pounds and Pence

https://vimeo.com/497343674 https://vimeo.com/497344241

Lesson 2: Pounds and Pence https://vimeo.com/497345587

Lesson 3: Converting Pounds and Pence https://vimeo.com/497942634

Lesson 4: Add Money

https://vimeo.com/498286318

Lesson 5: Subtract Money https://vimeo.com/498297373

Overcoming a Mammoth Story

In your 'other learning' this week, you have learnt all about how the people from the Stone Age were 'hunter-gatherers' and they had to hunt for their

Listen to the follow story which is a text we would be using in class;

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YAgONRTRzEg At around 3:58, you see the characters going on a hunt for some food! Your task for this week is to plan a story on the steps a Stone Age family would go through in order to defeat a mammoth! Think about:

- 1. What weapons would they need to gather before their journey?
- 2. Could they use any techniques to trap the mammoth (pit falls, running of a cliff).
- 3. How they got the mammoth back to the camp.
- 4. How do all the character feel after their successful hunt?

You make notes in your remote learning journal for your plan so you can refer back to it next week when you are writing it.

The Stone Age

People in the Stone Age had an incredibly challenging job getting food and had to do a lot of work.

They were referred to as 'hunter-gatherers'. Watch the video below which shows how they lived their day to day lives.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z82hsbk/ articles/z34djxs

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Statistics

Lesson 1: Recap making tally charts

https://vimeo.com/500377891

Lesson 2: Draw Pictograms (recap)

https://vimeo.com/500379996

Lesson 3: Interpreting Pictograms (recap)

https://vimeo.com/500378019

Overcoming a Mammoth Story

This week is time to write your overcoming the mammoth story!

Remember to use your plan created last week to help you follow your story through.

Try to make the hunt as exciting as possible and think about how the characters may be feeling before, during and after the hunt.

Challenge:

Can you use speech in your story correctly punctuated using inverted commas?

The Stone Age

During the Stone Age, as well as building their own houses out of natural materials and hunting for their own food, they also had to make their own tools and weapons in order to complete all of the jobs needed around their settlement. The following clip demonstrates some methods

they used to create them.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p02mbgg5 Have a go at home, using a bar of soap, carving your own stone age tool.

Post a photo of your creation onto SeeSaw!

		Below is clip reminding you on how to use them correctly: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zvwwxnb /articles/ztcp97h Write your story in your Remote Learning Journal in your neatest handwriting.	
6	Lesson 4: Draw Bar Chart (activity) https://vimeo.com/501677687 Lesson 5: Bar Charts https://vimeo.com/502337848 Lesson 6: Tables https://vimeo.com/502338566	Creating a book Now you have written your 'overcoming a mammoth story' you need to take the time to check your story. Take the time to read your work through with somebody at home to check for any errors you may have made. Once you are happy and have checked your story, have a go at creating your own book! You can fold some A4 paper in half, staple in the middle and you have your template ready. Design your own front cover, write up your story in your neatest handwriting and add in some exciting pictures! This can then be brought into school when you return to share with the rest of the class.	The Neolithic Stone Age Towards the end of 'The Stone Age', they entered the Neolithic stone age, also known as the 'New Stone Age'. https://www.bbc.cvideo/story-of-britain-new-stone-age-animation/zjh2t39 Can you notice any of the changes in the way in which they lived their lives? Would you have preferred to have lived in the 'old Stone Age' or the 'New Stone Age'? Why? Also look at the settlement of 'Skara Brae' which is believed to have been from the New Stone Ag and showed a small village and some remains of the houses. https://www.natgeokids.com/uk/discover/history/general-history/skara-brae/o.uk/teach/class-clips-

Half Term Holiday

Length and Perimeter

Lesson 1: Measure Length

https://vimeo.com/503131096

Lesson 2: Measure length (m) recap

https://vimeo.com/504466031

Lesson 3: Equivalent lengths- m and cm

https://vimeo.com/504467081

Lesson 4: Equivalent lengths - mm and cm

https://vimeo.com/504918866

Lesson 5: Compare Lengths

https://vimeo.com/506146737

Romeo and Juliet

This term, we are focusing on the William Shakespeare's play 'Romeo and Juliet' which is a tragedy story.

Watch the video on the website below which explains the story of Romeo and Juliet;

https://learnenglishkids.britishcouncil.org/short -stories/romeo-and-juliet

You can also play the games below the video to help your understanding of the play.

Answer the following questions in your Remote
Learning Journal to show your understanding of
the story;

- 1. Where did the story take place?
- 2. Why were Romeo and Juliet not allowed to be together?
- 3. What did Romeo do to Tybalt and why?
 4. What did Juliet do when Romeo has been sent away?
- 5. Why did Romeo drink the potion at the end?
- 6. Using what you know about how the play ends, why do you think it is known as a tragedy play?

Stonehenge

Towards the end of the Stone Age a huge monument was built called Stonehenge which is a example of a stone circle. No-one really knows how these were built or why but it is a monument which is still around today and lots of people visit.

Use the following link to see some pictures of Stonehenge and to watch a short video; https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z82h
sbk/articles/zg8g2hv

Below is a link to google maps which allows you to see what Stonehenge looks like today; https://earth.google.com/web/@51.1788750

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1.82636808,103.85474726a,0d,60y,120.878 91543h,85t,0r/data=Ck0aSxJFCiUweDQ4N zNINjNiODUwYWY2MTE6MHg5NzkxNzBIM mJjZDNkMmRkGenr-

<u>ZrllklAISpvRzgtOP2_KgpTdG9uZWhlbmdlG</u> <u>AEgASIaChZrcnJ6aG5BY2VwRnNOTlJtcXR</u>

2WmJBEAI

Use the small yellow person icon and drag it onto the map to explore further.

Using all of the information you have learnt about Stonehenge, have a go at creating your own stone circle at home. You can use lego, biscuits, play dough or anything you have at home. Post a photo of your stone circle onto SeeSaw.

Lesson 6: Add Lengths

https://vimeo.com/506146810

Lesson 7: Subtract Lengths https://vimeo.com/506146876

Lesson 8: Measure Perimeter https://vimeo.com/507043505

Lesson 9: Calculate Perimeter https://vimeo.com/507926422

Lesson 10: Calculate Perimeter Activity

https://vimeo.com/508441217

Simile and Metaphors

In your next piece of writing, you will be asked to write a diary entry from Romeo from the first night he met Juliet. You will be asked to include some similes and metaphors to describe her appearance.

Follow the online lesson below to learn all about similes and metaphors.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articles/zmmpscw
For the final activity on the website, this can be completed in your **Remote Learning Journal** to show what you have learnt about similes and metaphors.

The Bronze Age

Following on the Stone Age, the Bronze Age began around 3000BC. This began when the invention of Bronze was found.

The discovery of bronze meant that people began to live their lives in very different ways and were able to build stronger materials and weapons.

Watch the following video to learn how bronze was made:

https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/classclipsvideo/history-ks2-discovering-metalworkinbronze-age-Britain/zb8b47h

Once you have watched the video, can you create the steps needed in order to create a bronze age axe. Complete this in your **remote learning** journal or onto SeeSaw! Try to include the key vocabulary such as; copper, tin, ore, powder, 1000 degree, mould.

Fractions

Lesson 1: Working with wholes and parts (activity)

https://vimeo.com/508853727

Lesson 2: Make Equal Parts

https://vimeo.com/510671507

Lesson 3: Recognise a half

https://vimeo.com/511155603

Lesson 4: Find a half

https://vimeo.com/511156128

Diary Entry

Your task is to write a diary entry in the role of Romeo. It is the night of the party and you have just met Juliet and fallen in love.

You need to write a diary entry explained Juliet's appearance. You need to use similes or a metaphor to explain the following:

- Her blue eyes
- Her red lips
- Her long hair
- Her kind personality.

You also need to include how you are feeling that you are not allowed to love her and what you are going to do (ask her to marry you).

Here is a **checklist** of the key features to use when you write a diary entry.

- · Start with 'Dear Diary'.
- Describe the places where the events happened.
- Write in the past tense.
- Use **pronouns** like I, my and me to show that the events happened to you.
- Talk about how you were **feeling** or what you were **thinking** when each event happened.

Write your completed diary entry in your **remote** learning journal remembering to use your neatest handwriting.

Life in the Bronze Age

With the development of bronze also came new inventions with new methods of doing things. The things they wore, ate, the weather and even their houses were all very different.

Watch the following video to look how what a day in the life of person in the bronze age was like.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/classclipsvideo/story-of-britain-bronzeagebritain/znrygwx

Note down any key differences you have found between the Stone and the Bronze age looking carefully at how they farmed and the tools they used.

Lesson 5: Recognise a quarter

https://vimeo.com/511156539

Lesson 6: Find a quarter

https://vimeo.com/513814593

Lesson 7: Recognise a third https://vimeo.com/515212009

<u>Playscript</u>

Remind yourself of the ending of the play and the tragedy which has just occurred.

Can you write one extra scene for the ending of the play showing how the families may of reacted when they saw Romeo and Juliet and how they may change.

<u>Beaker Culture</u>

As well as bronze being a huge discovery, clay was also beginning to be developed during this era leading to what is known to as 'the beaker culture'. During this time, people in the Bronze Age would design and create bell beakers which were decorated with patterns to use in their

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https://vimeo.com/515216707

Think about:

Do you think the families will continue fighting with each other?

Do you think they will become friends?

How will they be feeling?

What do you think they have learnt?

Write your own playscript to show how you think the families responded and what they said to each other.

Watch the following video to show you how to lay out your playscript correctly;

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zsn4h39/ articles/zx8kng8

You can complete your playscript in your **remote** learning journal.

homes or to trade with other people for other things.

The website below shows a few examples of these beakers and their designs;

https://www.nhm.ac.uk/discover/news/2018/feb ruary/the-beaker-people-a-new-populationforancient-britain.html

Have a go at creating your own bell beaker! This can be simply drawn onto paper and decorated with the design or can be made with play dough/clay if you have any at home.

Post a photo of your work onto SeeSaw!

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Lesson 9: Unit Fractions

https://vimeo.com/515772416

Lesson 10: Non-unit Fractions

https://vimeo.com/515805842

Lesson 11: Equivalence of a half and 2 quarters

https://vimeo.com/519110454

Lesson 12: Count in fractions https://vimeo.com/519110911

Act it out!

For your final task, I would like you to pick your favourite part of the play. You can watch the video in the first week to remind you of all of the parts.

Using anything you can find at home (teddies, puppets or even tins of beans) act out this part of the play.

Record what you think each character would say to each other and think carefully about the expression in your voice to convey the character's feelings at that part in the play.

Record your performance and post it onto

SeeSaw

The Iron Age

The final 'age' in our tribal tales topic is The Iron
Age and yes you have guessed it- this when the
discovery of iron happened!
The following website gives you lots of facts

about the Iron Age;

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z82hsbk/ articles/z8bkwmn

During this time, the way in which people settled also differed and **hill forts** were a common site across Britain.

Use the following clip to learn about iron age hillforts;

https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clipsvideo/history-ks1--ks2-explain-thishillforts/z4xx6v4

Using everything you have learnt about the Stone

	Age, the Bronze Age and the Iron Age can you write a short comparison to explain what changed in each age. Focus on their housing and their way of living as this is something we have focused on.
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